

BARREL VAULTS AND CROSS VAULTS





Citation:

K. Bagi (2024): Mechanics of Masonry Structures. Course handouts, Department of Structural Mechanics, Budapest University of Technology and Economics

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In case of any question or problem, do not hesitate to contact Prof. K. Bagi, kbagi.bme@gmail.com.

THIS LECTURE

Barrel Vaults

- \rightarrow Definition; Terminology
- \rightarrow Origins
- \rightarrow Cracking and failure modes; How to resist the lateral thrust
- \rightarrow Constructional issues
- Vaults in General: Catalan Vaulting

Skew Barrels

Cross Vaults

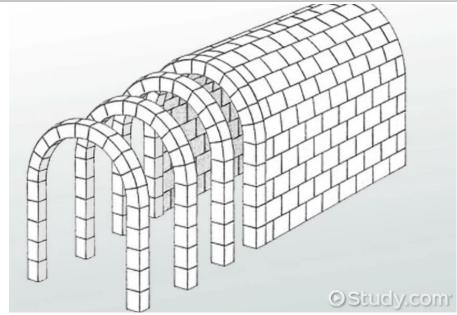
- \rightarrow Definition; Origin and early examples
- \rightarrow Main types; Terminology
- \rightarrow Forces in cross vaults
- \rightarrow Crack patterns; Strengthening

Underpitched vaults

Questions

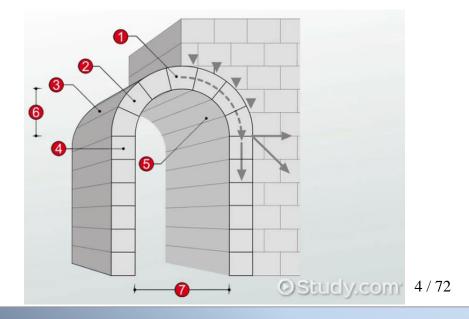
What is a barrel vault:

a half-open vault; ,,translated arch" parabolic points



study.com/academy/lesson/barrel-vault-definition-construction-architecture.html

- 1: crown (top block row, placed last)
- 2: the voussoirs (the building stones)
- 3: extrados (outer surface)
- 4: impost (provide transition)
- 5: intrados (inner surface)
- 6: rise
- 7: free span



Origins of barrel vaulting:

In Mesopotamia and Egypt:

from 4th millennium BC "pitched" brick vaulting

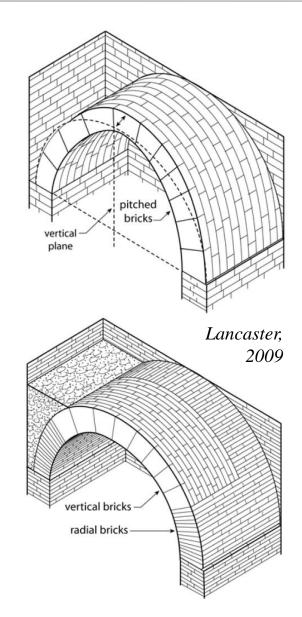
areas where wood was scarce [no centring] gypsum mortar: → needs only 200 °C; → sets in minutes mud brick (fired or sundried)

[Greeks hardly used]

In the Roman empire:

vertical and radial bricks early example: Argos, bath (1st century AD)

centring regularly applied stone or brick; lime mortar (needs 900 °C)



Origins of barrel vaulting:

In Mesopotamia and Egypt:

from 4th millennium BC ,,pitched" brick vaulting

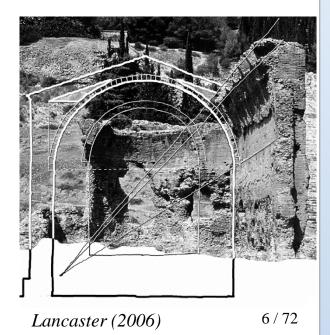
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vertical and radial bricks early example: Argos, bath (1st century AD)

centring regularly applied stone or brick; lime mortar (needs 900 °C)



<u>Temple of Sulis Minerva, Bath, UK:</u> ≈ Ist ct AD "Aquae Sulis", hot water spa Celtic goddess of wisdom (≈≈ Minerva)

How it may have looked like:



wikivisually.com/wiki/Aquae_Sulis

How it looks today:



wikivisually.com/wiki/Aquae_Sulis

later construction

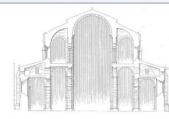
The Basilica of Saint Sernin, Toulouse, France:

[largest Romanesque church]

the main nave vault:



https://www.flickr.com/photos/blieusong/7141038189



end of XIth century



https://www.bc.edu/bc_org/avp/ cas/fnart/arch/st_sernin.html

"banded barrel vault"

Lisbon Cathedral, Portugal:

the Romanesque nave from XIIth century [several earthquakes in the region \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Gothic, Baroque, etc parts also]

the nave vault:



from outside:



lisbon-tourism.com/en/lisbon-attractions/ churches-in-lisbon/lisbon-cathedral.html

pinterest.ca/pin/166211042478736763/

Ladykirk Church, Berwickshire, Scotland:

from outside:

the nave vault:



arts.st-andrews.ac.uk/corpusofscottishchurches

XVIth century, Gothic structure



imagedatabase.st-andrews.ac.uk/images

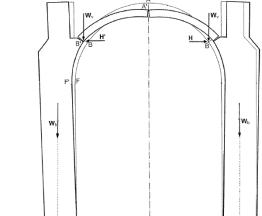
Cracking and failure modes

Typical load: selfweight & support displacements

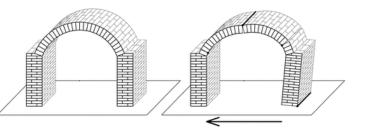
(the barrel only, as an arch)

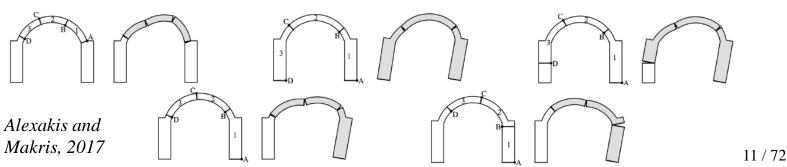
Failure:

• together with the supporting structure



Remark: Failure modes under lateral ground accelerations:





How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels:

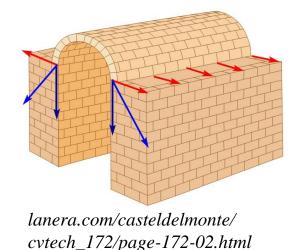
 \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark



Lancaster, 2009

Freestanding barrel vaults on higher walls:

 \rightarrow heavy, thick walls under the barrel:

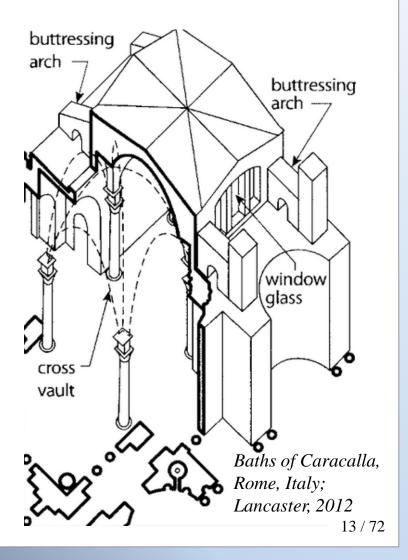


How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels: \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark

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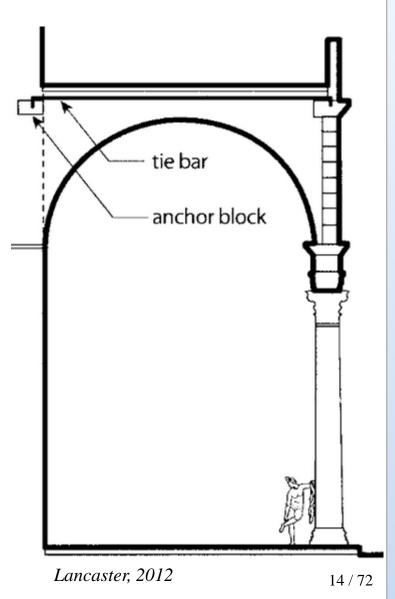
 \rightarrow walls supported by buttresses:



How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels: \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark

Freestanding barrel vaults on higher walls: → heavy, thick walls under the barrel → walls supported by buttresses →iron tie bars: Roman invention, from ≈ 2nd century AD



How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels:

 \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark

Freestanding barrel vaults on higher walls:

- \rightarrow heavy, thick walls under the barrel
- \rightarrow walls supported by buttresses
- \rightarrow iron tie bars

 \rightarrow make the vault easier:

✓ use bricks (e.g. ≈1400 kg/m3) instead of stone (e.g. ≈2600 kg/m3)
✓ formulate coffers ("indentations"):

Ressler (2011), 11. The Glory of Rome



How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels: \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark

Freestanding barrel vaults on higher walls:

- \rightarrow heavy, thick walls under the barrel
- \rightarrow walls supported by buttresses
- \rightarrow iron tie bars
- \rightarrow make the vault easier
- \rightarrow neighbouring barrels: [\approx arcade]



https://www.architecturaldigest.com/story/ colosseum-restoration-phase-one-complete

How to resist the lateral thrust?

Underground or near-to-ground barrels:

 \rightarrow earth pressure \checkmark

Freestanding barrel vaults on higher walls:

- \rightarrow heavy, thick walls under the barrel
- \rightarrow walls supported by buttresses
- \rightarrow iron tie bars
- \rightarrow make the vault easier
- \rightarrow neighbouring barrels: [\approx arcade]
- \rightarrow crosswise barrels:

TOWARDS THE CROSS VAULT !

How to resist the lateral thrust?

Ressler (2011), 11. The Glory of Rome / Baths of Caracalla, early IIIrd century





http://acedulado.pw/marblerevetment-definition: Basilica of Maxentius, ≈ 310 AD



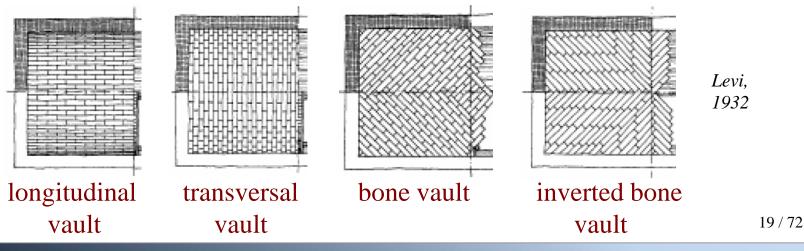
→crosswise barrels: TOWARDS THE CROSS VAULT !

Constructional issues

Terminology:

- \rightarrow Course: a continuous row of masonry units
- \rightarrow Heading joint: a contact between two masonry units in the same course
- → Coursing joint: a contact between two masonry units being located in neighbouring courses

Bond patterns for barrel vaults:



vertical: "transversal"→

radial: ,,longitudinal" \rightarrow

Lancaster, 2015

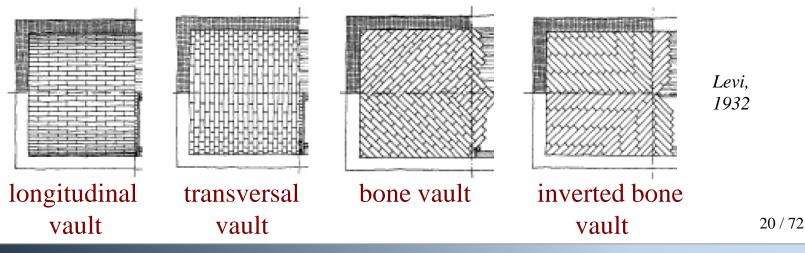
Constructional issues

Examples:

ceilings today: e.g. school roof in Mali



http://archinew.altervista.org/2014/02/12/ vaulted-brick-primary-school-built-on-amali-plain-by-levs-architecten/



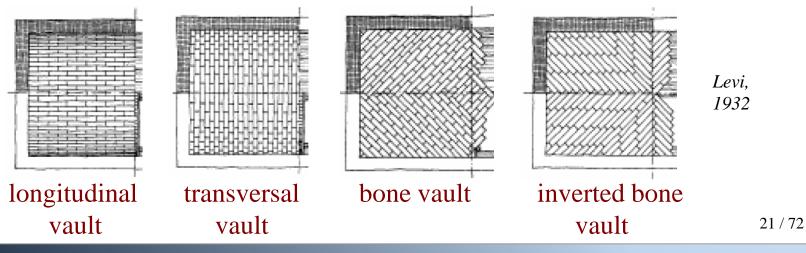
Constructional issues

Examples:

ceilings today:



http://www.naturalbuildingblog.com/brick-barrel-vaults/



Constructional issues

Examples:

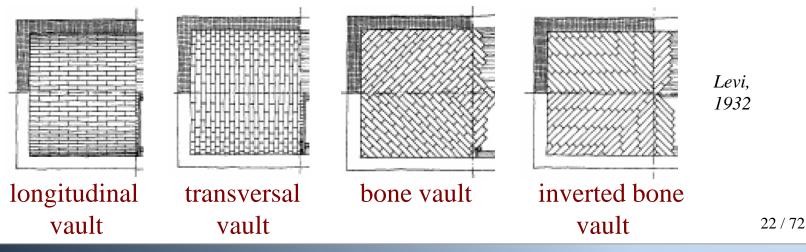
ceilings today:



https://www.archwaysandceilings. com/product/barrel-vaults/



www.estestinc.com/interior-design/ residential/old-world/old-world-residence-6



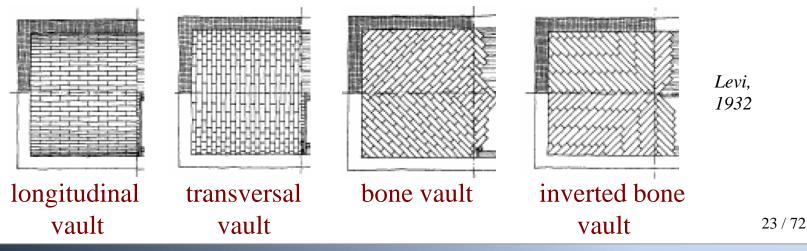
Constructional issues

Examples:

ceilings today: e.g. in Nubia, around 2008:



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xsBfeL3vlGI



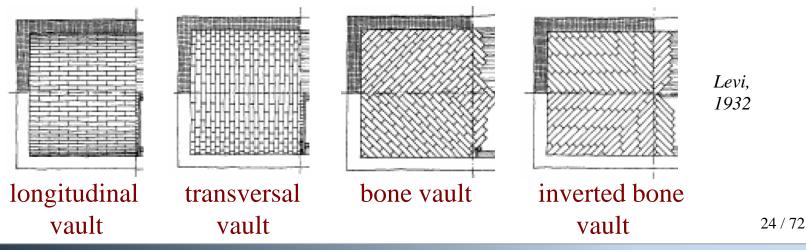
Constructional issues

Examples:



https://www.ribaj.com/culture/barrel-vaults

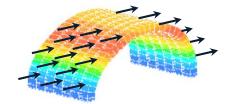
New Gourna: a small experimental village 1946-52, Egypt, Luxor; architect: Hassan Fathy UNESCO World Heritage

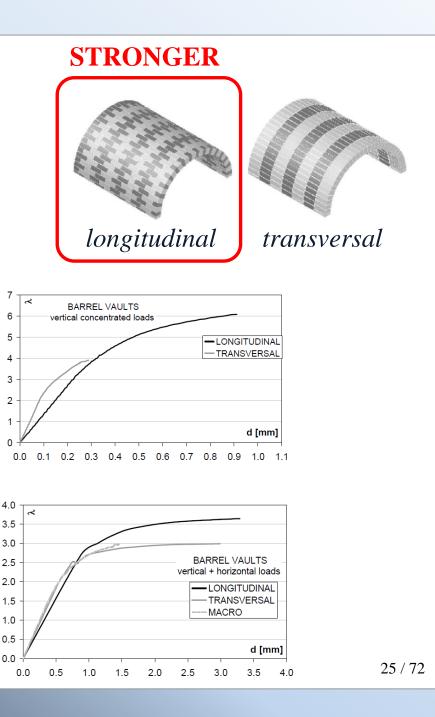


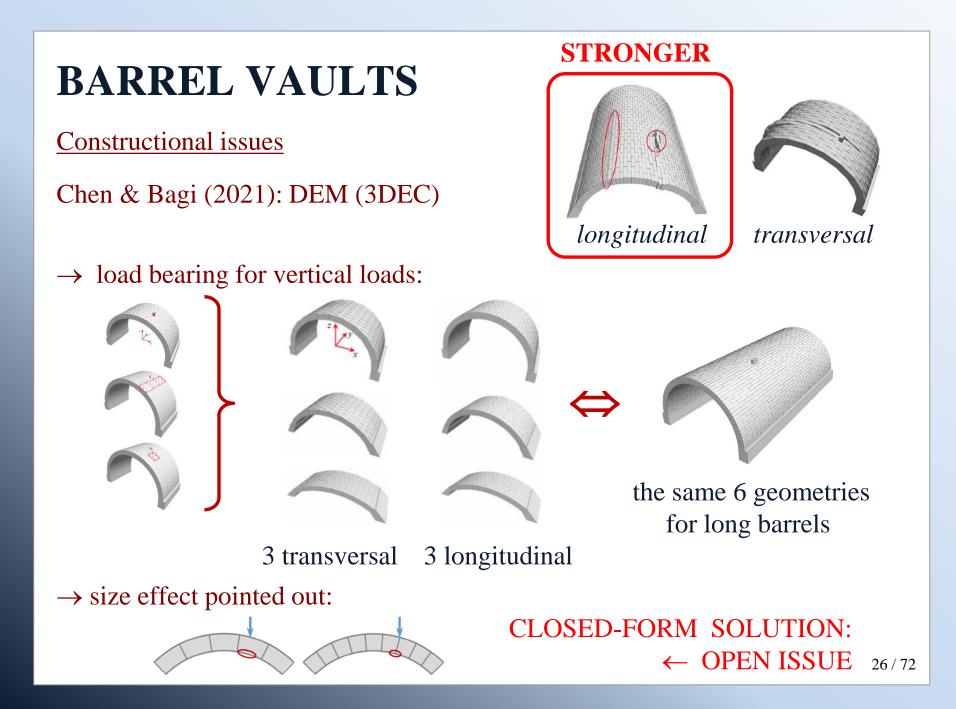
Constructional issues

- Romano & Grande (2008): FEM
- → vertical concentrated load in the middle point:

→ horizontal distributed load
 [e.g. seismic acceleration]:





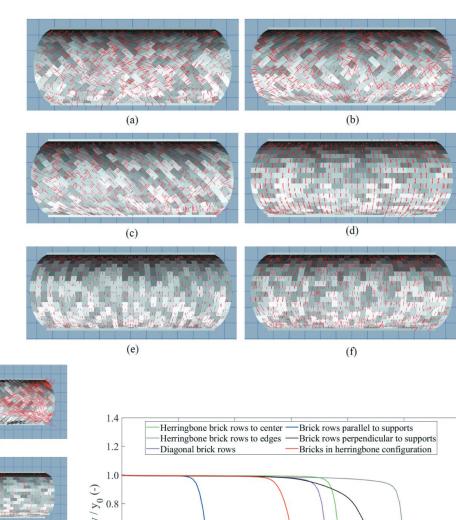


Line load

Constructional issues

Boni et al (2021): DEM (CD)

 \rightarrow selfweight:



1000

1500

p(N/m)

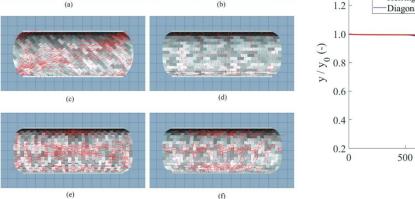
2000

2500

3000

27 / 72

 \rightarrow line load:



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Vaults in General: Catalan Vaulting

Skew Barrels

Cross Vaults

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- \rightarrow Main types; Terminology
- \rightarrow Forces in cross vaults
- \rightarrow Crack patterns; Strengthening

Underpitched vaults

Questions

Constructional issues

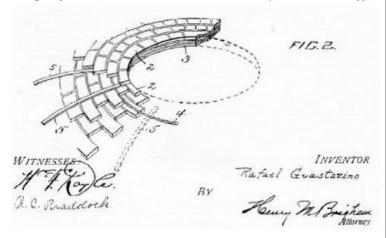
Tile vaulting ("Guastavino vault", "Catalan vault"): thin tiles 3-4 layers; gypsum mortar proceeding from bottom inwards ⇒ ⇒ centering not needed! [fast setting] thinner, lighter; fireproof very fast construction less horizontal thrust

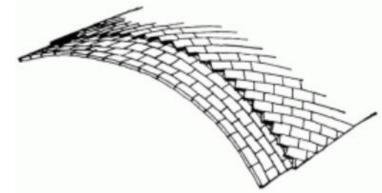
History:

Moorish origin, found from XIIth century spread in the Mediterranian area XVIII-XIXth century Catalan architecture Rafael Guastavino, ≈ 1880, went to the US US public buildings,

subway stations, staircases, ...

https://makezine.com/2018/10/20/weekend-watchthe-projects-and-adventures-as-amy-makes-stuff/





http://www.structuremag.org/?p=2046

Constructional issues

Tile vaulting ("Guastavino vault", "Catalan vault"): thin tiles 3-4 layers; gypsum mortar proceeding from bottom inwards ⇒ ⇒ centering not needed! [fast setting] thinner, lighter; fireproof very fast construction less horizontal thrust

\rightarrow MIT students:

(supervisor: prof. John Ochsendorf) recently built: 1,5 days (!!!) 0,5 inch thick



www.youtube.com/watch?v=VaEiUkTWG9Y

Constructional issues

Tile vaulting ("Guastavino vault", "Catalan vault"):

 \rightarrow Rafael Guastavino:

www.youtube.com/watch?v=VaEiUkTWG9Y



e.g. Boston Public Library:

e.g. NY Queensboro Food Emporium: e.g. City Hall Station, NY subway:



https://untappedcities.com/2018/02/05/12- bea utiful-locations-to-find-guastavino-tiles-in-nyc/



https://www.architecturaldigest.com/gallery/ guastavino-tile-arches/all

Constructional issues

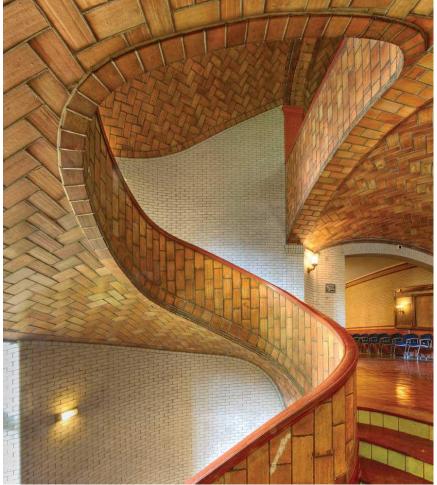
Tile vaulting ("Guastavino vault", "Catalan vault"):

 \rightarrow Rafael Guastavino:

e.g. Staircase in Baker Hall, at Carnegie-Mellon University:



Fiveprime, https://hiveminer.com, Tags: building college architecture stairs oakland hall



https://2hpencil.com/tag/fibonacci-number/

Suggested reading: http://www.lowtechmagazine.com/2008/11/tiles-vaults.html

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Vaults in General: Catalan Vaulting

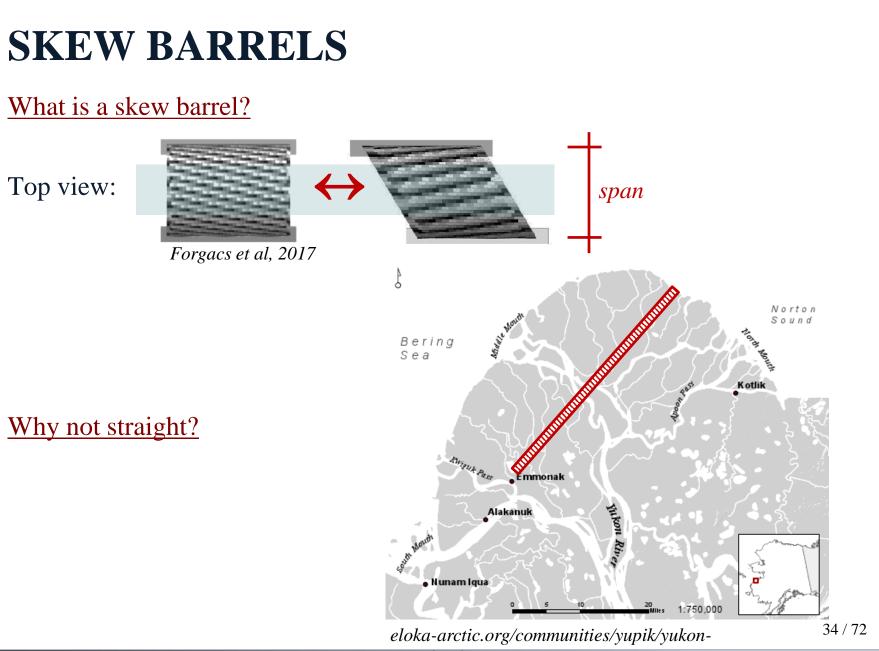
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Underpitched vaults

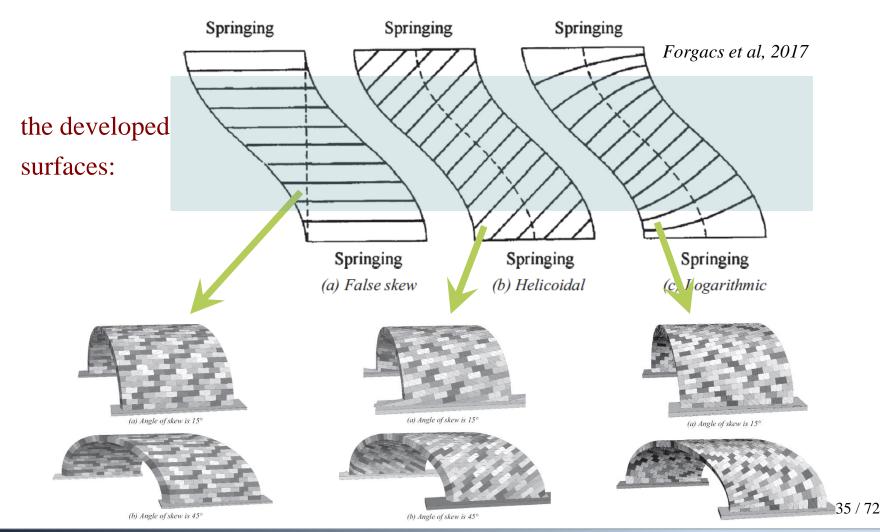
Questions



river.html

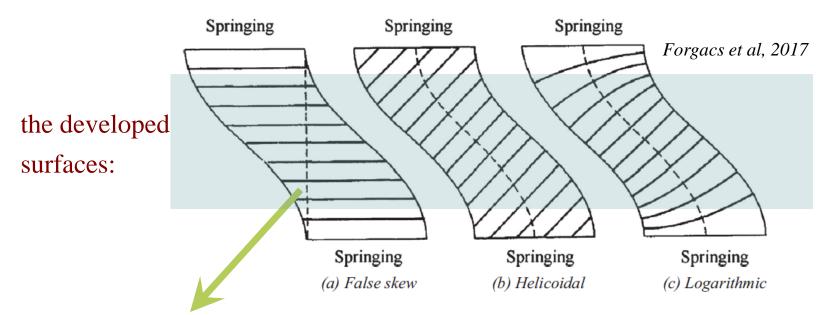
SKEW BARRELS

Construction geometries:



SKEW BARRELS

Construction geometries:





(a) Angle of skew is 15°

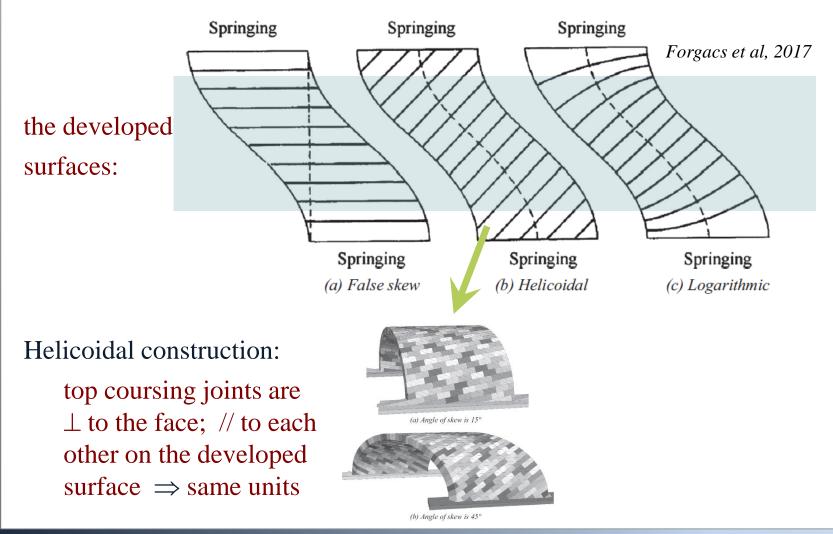


(b) Angle of skew is 45°

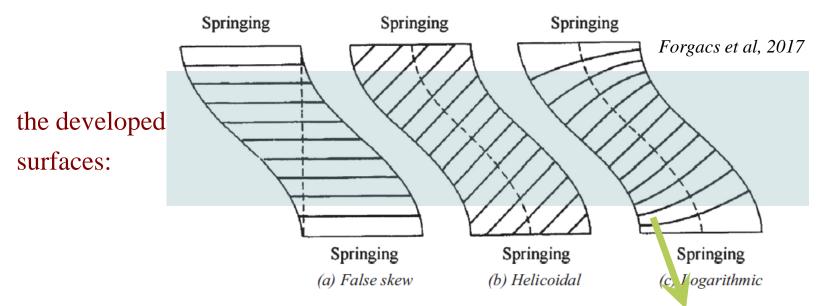
False skew constrution:

coursing joints parallel with the springings

Construction geometries:



Construction geometries:

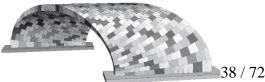


Logarithmic construction:

- coursing joints are \perp to the arch face
- \Rightarrow units are different, unique shapes

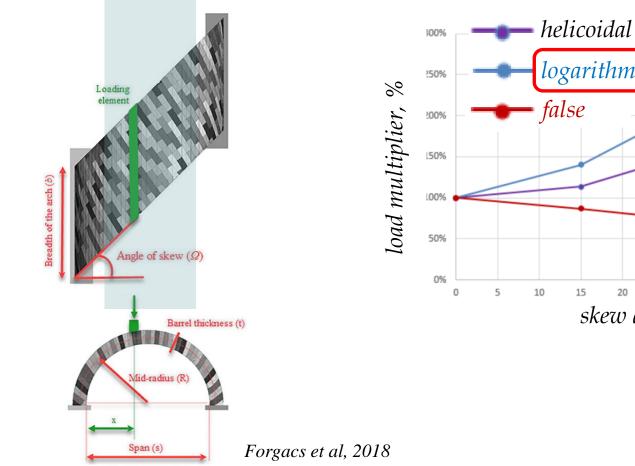


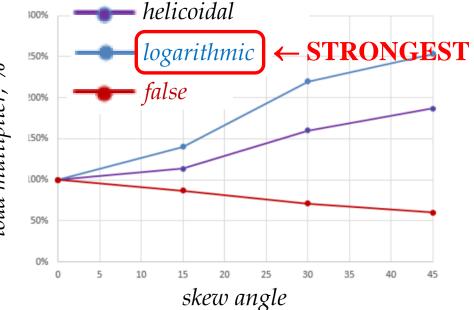
(a) Angle of skew is 15°



Construction geometries:

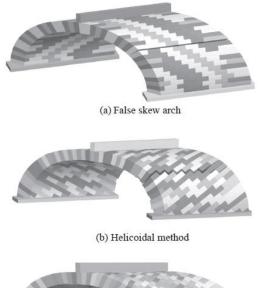
Load bearing capacity:





Construction geometries:

Failure mode:





(c) Logarithmic method



10

15

20

skew angle

25

30

35

40

45

helicoidal

• false

logarithmic

300%

250%

200%

.50%

100%

50%

0%

0

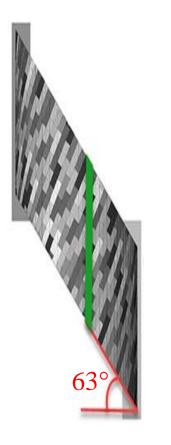
5

%

load multiplier,

← STRONGEST

<u>VERY skew bridge:</u> Monkhide bridge, designed: Stephen Ballard, 1843; over the canal Hereford to Gloucester, helicoidal, 63°





Bill Harvey, http://billharvey.typepad.com

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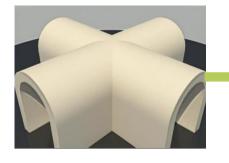
Underpitched vaults

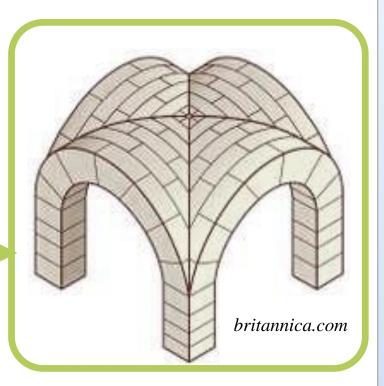
Questions

What is a cross vault?

an open vault:

intersection of two barrel vaults





parabolic points + ,,creases" (groins)

Origin of cross vaulting:

 \rightarrow earliest cross vault:

≈ 223 BC, in Delphi, Greece

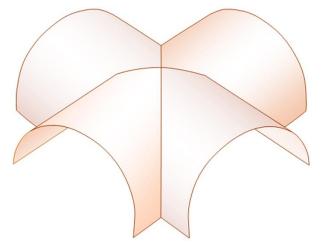
 \rightarrow Roman architecture: [semicircular]

public buildings: baths; churches

e.g. Baths of Caracalla: early IIIrd century AD [note: huge sizes]



http://www.lanera.com/casteldelmonte/ cvtech_172/page-172-03.html





http://bathsofcaracallarome.blogspot.com/2014 /08/how-baths-of-caracalla-were-built.html

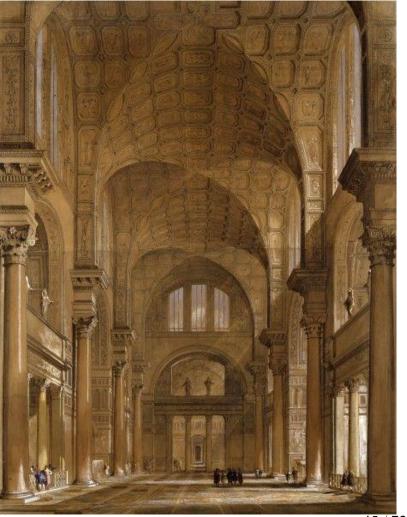
https://www.photo.net/photo/17083092

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http://bathsofcaracallarome.blogspot.com/2014 /08/how-baths-of-caracalla-were-built.html



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http://bathsofcaracallarome.blogspot.com/2014 /08/how-baths-of-caracalla-were-built.html



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Baths_of_Caracalla# Construction_%E2%80%93_216%E2%80%93235

Origin of cross vaulting:

 \rightarrow European (Romanesque and) Gothic church architecture

Birth of Gothic architecture:

Basilica St Denis, France (Abbot Suger, from ≈ 1135)



https://www.bluffton.edu/homepages/facstaff/ sullivanm/france/paris/stdenis/0128.jpg

Fall of Gothic architecture:

Beauvais Cathedral, France (1225...1573; two collapses)



www.viafrance.com/en/beauvais/recommendedvenues/cathedrale-saint-pierre-de-beauvais-p-55925

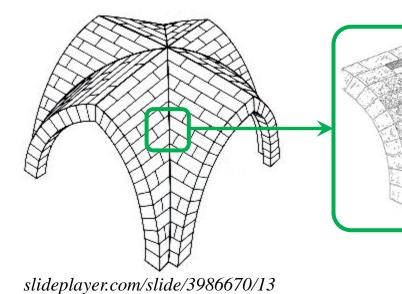
Main types of cross vaults:

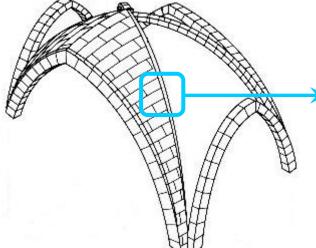
 \rightarrow unribbed (,,groin vault"):

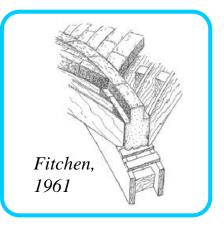
construction: centring is needed; problem at groins

 \rightarrow ribbed (,,rib vault"):

construction:
 ribs on centring;
 then simple centring
 [only planks]
+ stress field smoothed







Fitchen, 1961

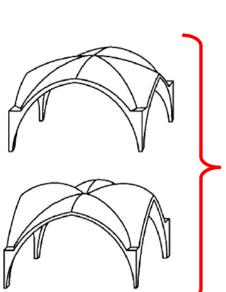
Shape variations of cross vaults:

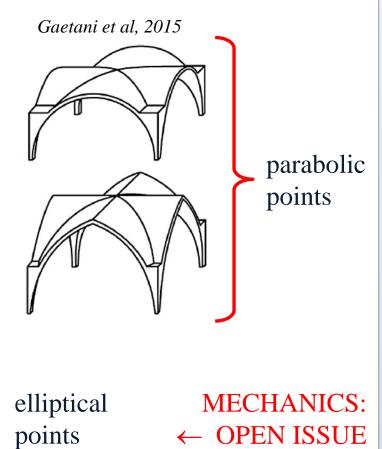
 \rightarrow equal semicircular cylindrical barrels:

 \rightarrow equal pointed cylindrical barrels:

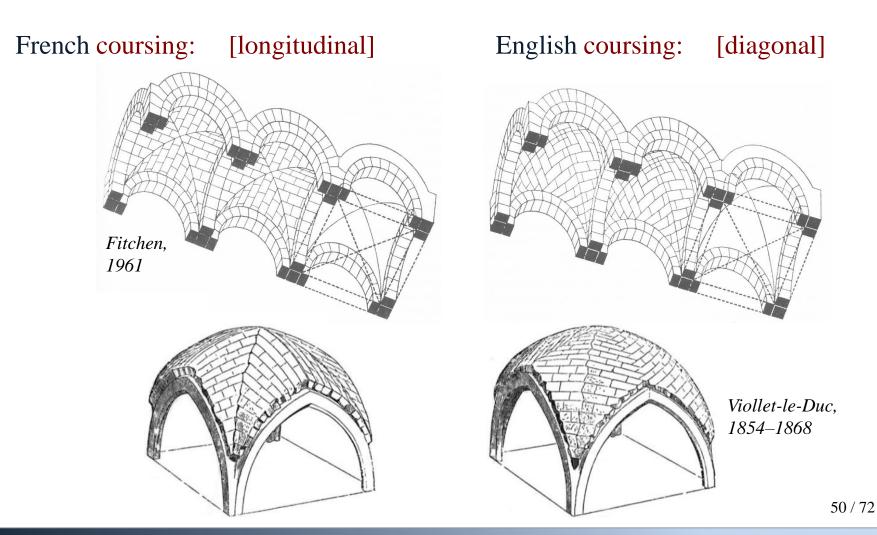
 \rightarrow higher at centre:

 \rightarrow lower at centre:



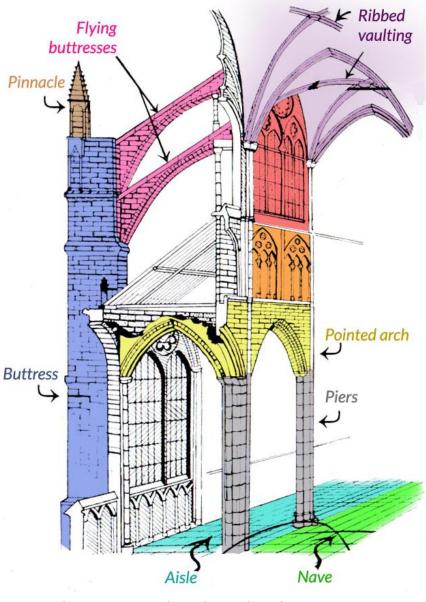


Bond patterns:

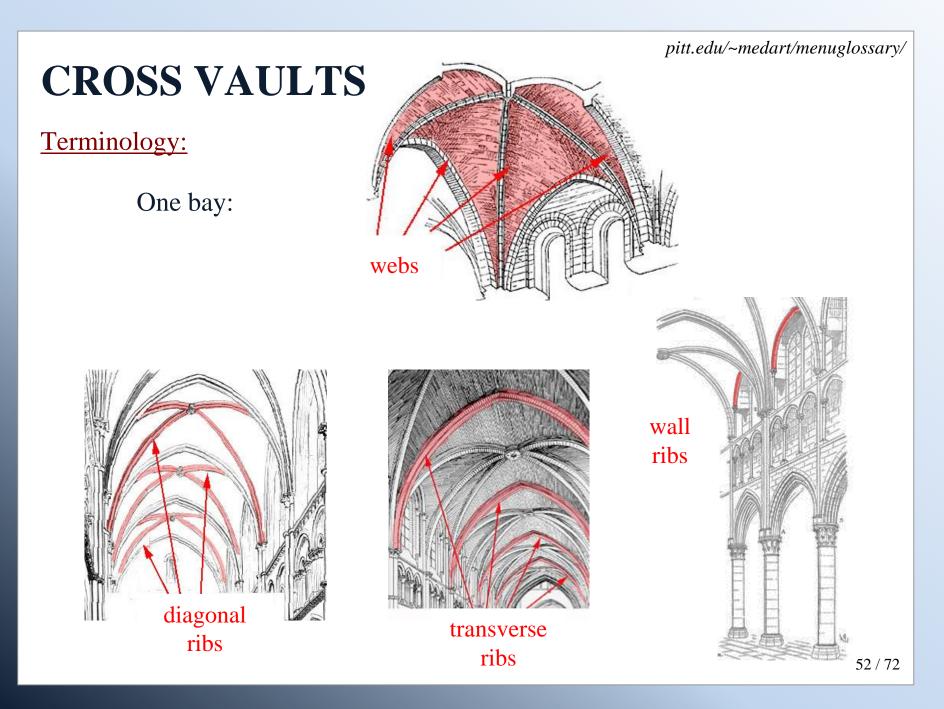


OPEN ISSUE: its mechanical effect?

Terminology:



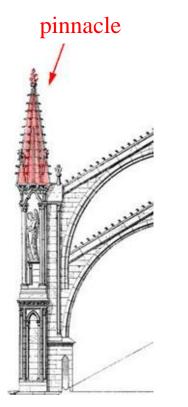
http://www.culturaltravelguide.com/ what-is-a-gothic-cathedral



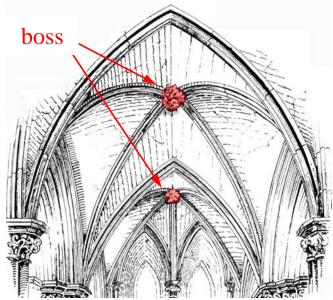
pitt.edu/~medart/menuglossary/

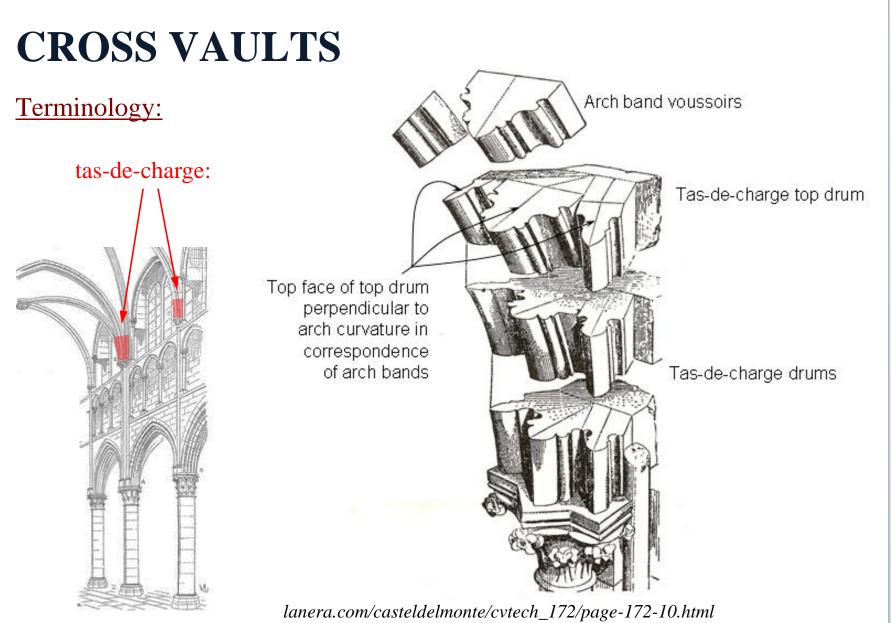
CROSS VAULTS

Terminology:



http://www.victorianweb.org/art/ architecture/gothic/vaulting.html





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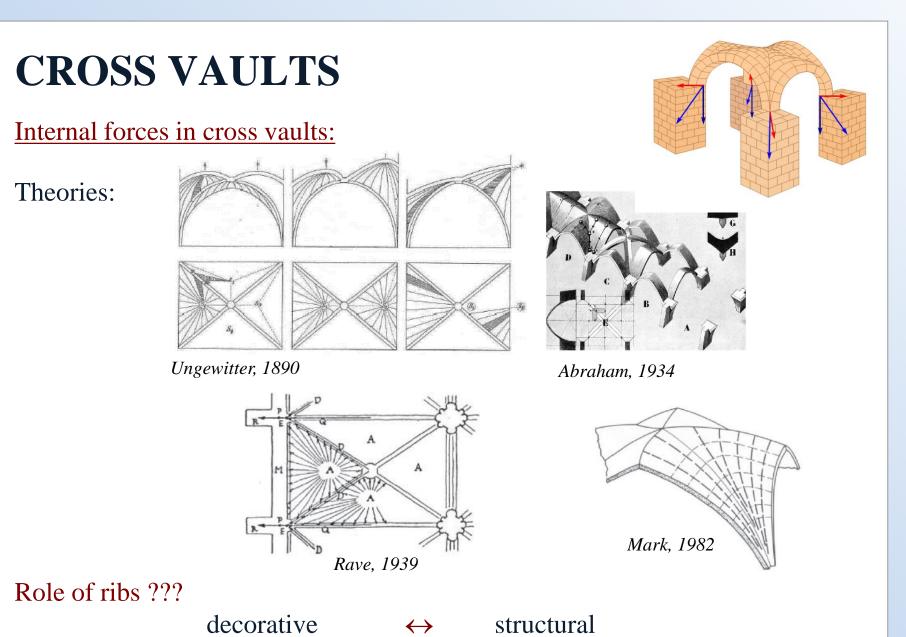
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Underpitched vaults

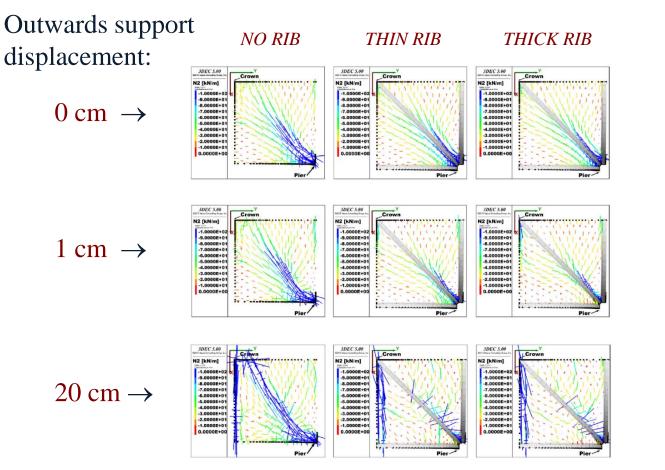
Questions



(the shells carry the selfweight) (the ribs carry the shells)

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Internal forces in coss vaults: Lengyel&Bagi, 2015



10 m

Lengyel and

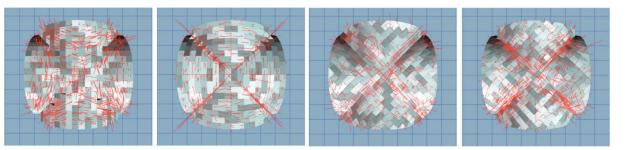
Bagi, 2015:

longitudinal

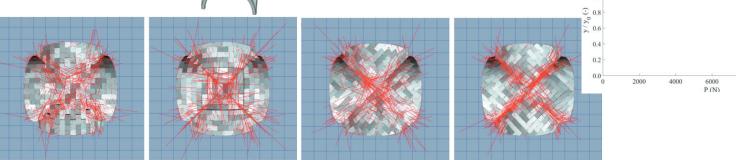
patterns

Internal forces in coss vaults: Boni et al, 2021

Selfweight only:



Concentrated force:



10000

12000

Brick rows perpendicular to sides -Brick rows parallel to diagonals

-Brick rows perpendicular to diagonal

8000

Brick rows parallel to sides

THIS LECTURE

Barrel Vaults

- \rightarrow Definition; Terminology
- \rightarrow Origins
- \rightarrow Cracking and failure modes; How to resist the lateral thrust
- \rightarrow Constructional issues

Vaults in General: Catalan Vaulting

Skew Barrels

Cross Vaults

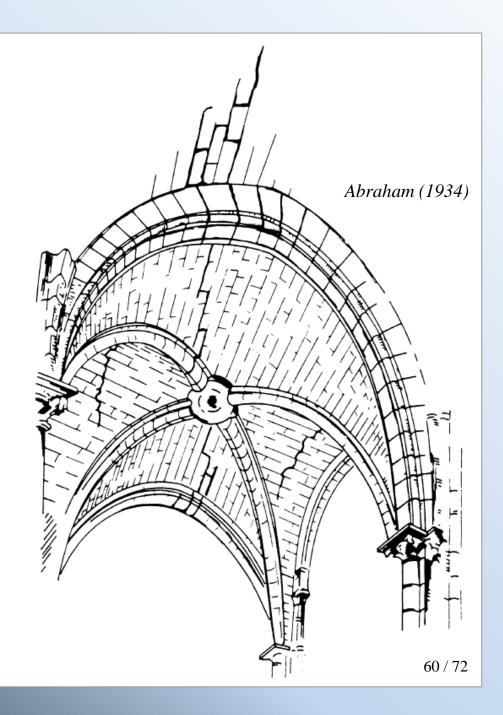
- \rightarrow Definition; Origin and early examples
- \rightarrow Main types; Terminology
- \rightarrow Forces in cross vaults
- \rightarrow Crack patterns; Strengthening

Underpitched vaults

Questions

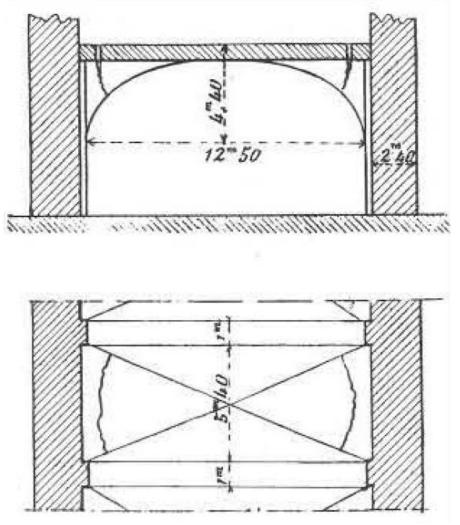
Characteristic crack patterns:

- (1) Longitudinal hinging cracks near the crown
- (2) Sabouret's cracks
- (3) Complete separation from the lateral walls



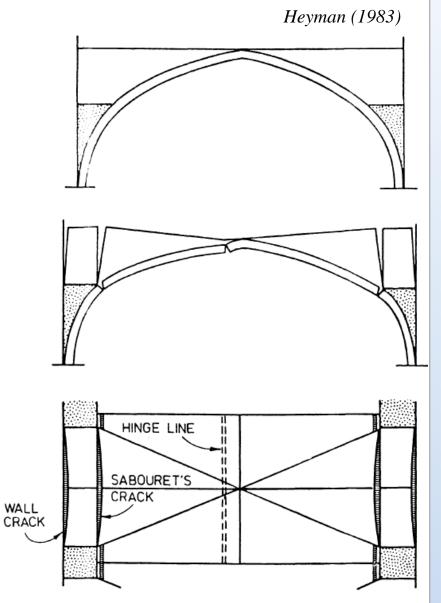
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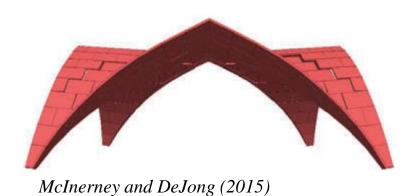


Sabouret (1928)

Characteristic crack patterns:



- (1) Longitudinal hinging cracks near the crown
- (2) Sabouret's cracks
- (3) Complete separation from the lateral walls



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Strengthening:

REMEMBER:

 \rightarrow buttresses:

now place at the transverse arches

→ flying buttresses: now place at the transverse arches









Ressler (2016) _{63 / 72}

Strengthening:

\rightarrow buttresses:



Battle Abbey, Sussex, UK, alamy.com/stock-photo/wallbuttresses.html

> Gloucester Cathedral, UK, alamy.com/stock-photo/stone-masonrychurch-stonework-buttresses.html



\rightarrow flying buttresses:



Basilica St. Magdalene, Vezelay, France thoughtco.com/what-is-aflying-buttress-4049089



juniorsbook.com/tell-me-why-numerousquestions-and-answers/what-is-a-flying-buttress/

Strengthening:

\rightarrow tension rods:



Cloister of Beata Antonia in L'Aquila, UNIPD (2010)

 \rightarrow FRP strips:

OPEN ISSUE!



grid arrangement

annular arrangement

Foraboschi (2004)

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Cross Vaults

- \rightarrow Definition; Origin and early examples
- \rightarrow Main types; Terminology
- \rightarrow Forces in cross vaults
- \rightarrow Crack patterns; Strengthening

Underpitched vaults

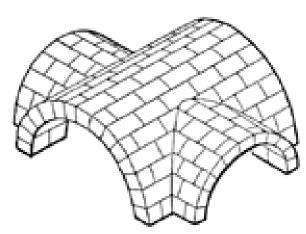
Questions

UNDERPITCHED VAULTS

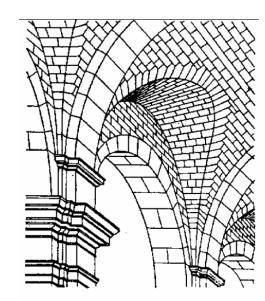
<u>Definition:</u> "Welsh vault";

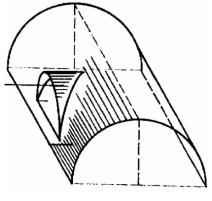
- → A construction formed by the penetration of two barrel vaults of unequal size, springing from the same level
- \rightarrow A barrel vault intersected by lower vaults

first appeared: Roman Empire; spread: XVI.-XVIII. century Europe



ency clope dia 2. the free dictionary. com





Floor structures. Building Construction I., http://15123.fa.cvut.cz/

hardly any analysis of the mechanics! \rightarrow OPEN ISSUE

UNDERPITCHED VAULTS

<u>Definition:</u> "Welsh vault";

- → A construction formed by the penetration of two barrel vaults of unequal size, springing from the same level
- \rightarrow A barrel vault intersected by lower vaults

spread: XVI.-XVIII. century Europe



Cathedral of the Immaculate (Bosa, Italy) wikimapia.org/ 31232881/Interior-of-the-Cathedral-of-the-Immaculate



Church of St. Agnes, Lublin, Poland lublinarchitecture.pollub.pl/?p=514

hardly any analysis exist on the mechanics! \rightarrow OPEN ISSUE

UNDERPITCHED VAULTS

Crack patterns:

Holzer, 2013: (FEM & LSA)



underpitched vault: pattern assuming that the lunettes can crack vertically (≈ Sabouret) underpitched vault: pattern assuming that the lunettes stick to the main barrel, rotating with it, and separate from their bottom part

cross vault

SUGGESTED VIDEOS

https://study.com/academy/lesson/barrel-vault-definition-constructionarchitecture.html (elementary)

https://study.com/academy/lesson/the-development-of-vaulting-inarchitecture.html (elementary)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VaEiUkTWG9Y (introduction to Guastavino vaulting, John Ochsendorf, 1:30:05)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r-tG68WvNDM&t=185s (,,Form and Forces'', John Ochsendorf, 1:17:17)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DI-leSI68dM (Jacques Heyman: The membrane analysis of thin masonry shells, 50:46)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dhB0VhuKCUs (How flying buttress works)

https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities/medieval-world/gothic1 (Birth of the Gothic: Abbot Suger & ambulatory of St Denis, elementary)

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Underpitched vaults



QUESTIONS

1. Explain and illustrate the meaning of the following terms: *barrel* vault; *crown*; *free span*; *rise*; *pitched* brick vaulting; *course*; *heading joint*; *coursing joint*; *skew* barrel; *cross* vault / *groin* vault / *ribbed* cross vault; *webs* of a cross vault; *transverse* / *diagonal* / *wall* ribs; *boss*; *tas-de-charge*; *underpitched* (Welsh) vault; *lunette*.

2. Introduce the *typical crack pattern* of a barrel vault standing on walls. What methods do you know to resist the *lateral thrust* ?

3. What is "tile vaulting" / "*Catalan vaulting*"?

4. What are the three main *construction geometries for skew barrels*? Introduce them on small freehand drawings. How are they related to each other regarding *load bearing capacity*?

5. Introduce the main types and shape variations of cross vaults. Introduce the *French* and the *English* bond pattern of cross vaults.

6. Introduce the *typical crack patterns* of cross vaults (three types). What methods do you know to protect a cross vault against cracking?

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